# SLIDES, HAMMER-ONS, PULL-OFFS

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# PLAYING MUSIC IS MORE THAN JUST MEMORIZING A BUNCH OF CHORDS ON YOUR INSTRUMENT.

That's difficult. And takes a long time.

### ADVANCED FRETTING TECHNIQUES

- Usually you play melody notes by fretting each one and plucking it one at a time
- Can add "flavor" to the melody by adding these fretting techniques:
  - Hammer-Ons
  - Pull-Offs
  - Slides
  - Bends
  - Releases

#### HAMMER-ONS

- A Hammer-On is when you sharply bring a finger down on the fretboard causing the fretted note to sound.
- You can use it
  - From an open string to a fret
  - Or from one fret to another one further up the same string
- Notated with an "h" or "^" in tablature
  - 2h3 or 2<sup>4</sup>
- How to do it:
  - Strike the string (fretting the first note if need be)
  - Let it ring for the desired time
  - Sharply and firmly bring a finger down on the string at the appropriate fret
  - Let the string continue to ring the new note

#### HAMMER ON EXAMPLE

- Cat Stevens' Father and Son intro
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yERildSsWxM

#### PULL-OFFS

- A Pull-Off is when you quickly release your finger off of the fretboard causing a lower note to sound.
- Is the opposite of a Hammer-On
- You can use it
  - From a fretted note to the open string
  - Or from one fret to another one further down the same string
- Notated with a "p" or "^" in tablature
  - 3p2 or 3^2
- How to do it:
  - Fret the first note and strike the string
  - Let it ring for the desired time
  - Quickly release the fret with a "little pull"
  - Let the string continue to ring the new note

#### PULL-OFF EXAMPLE

#### SLIDES

- A Slide is when you slide your fretting finger either up or down the neck to another fret, thus giving the original note a "slur" to the destination note.
- Gives that "zip" sound on wound strings (ex. bass strings on guitars)
- You can use it
  - From a fretted note to the open string
  - Or from one fret to another one further down the same string
- Notated with a "s" or "/" or "\" in tablature
  - 1s3 or 1/3 for sliding up
  - 3sl or 3\l for sliding down
- How to do it:
  - Fret the first note and strike the string
  - Let it ring for the desired time
  - Very quickly slide your finger up or down the string to the desired fret without releasing it
  - Let the string continue to ring the new note

#### SLIDE UP EXAMPLE

C Major Scale

#### MULTIPLE EXAMPLES

C Major Scale

### TIPS

- Cleanly end up right behind the destination fret
- Keep the right amount of pressure through the entire motion

## OUESTIONS?